Module designation	Agrotechnology of Spice and Phyto-pharmacy Crops
Semester(s) in which the module is taught	7 <sup>th</sup>
Person responsible for the module	Dr. Ir. Rusdi Evizal, M.S.
Language	Indonesian language
Relation to curriculum	elective
Teaching methods	Lectures (100 minutes) Practicum sessions (170 minutes)
Workload (incl. contact hours, self-study hours)	Contact hours: 14 weeks x 100 minutes Structured learning: 14 weeks x 120 minutes Independent study: 14 weeks x 120 minutes Practicum sessions: 14 weeks x 170 minutes
Credit points	3 (2-1) CP or 4.76 (ECTS) ((14 weeks x 100 minutes) + (14 weeks x 120 minutes) + (14 weeks x 120 minutes) + (14 weeks x 170 minutes)) : 60 minutes/hour = 119 hours : 25 study hours/ECTS = 4.76 (ECTS)
Required and recommended prerequisites for joining the module	-
Module objectives/intended learning outcomes	<ul> <li>Students are able to apply the basic concepts and principles of cultivation technology and the development of sustainable agriculture technology</li> <li>Students are able to identify, formulate, solve problems, and apply plant science, plant protection, soil science, socio-economic agriculture, and plant production engineering principles that are oriented towards good agricultural practices (GAP)</li> <li>Students are able to plan, design, implement and develop plant production with the latest and environmentally friendly technology creatively and innovatively</li> </ul>

Content	The Agrotechnology of Spice and Phyto-pharmacy Crops course is a 3 (2-1) credit course.  This course contains studies on: Spice and medicinal plantations (clove, black pepper, vanilla, nutmeg, cinnamon, quinine, etc.), origin and history of distribution, potential, prospects, and development program; botanical and growing requirements, cultivation techniques, pest control aspects, and post-harvest handling; Trading.
Examination forms	oral presentation, essay
Study and examination requirements	Participants are evaluated based on their performance in class (lectures) (70%) and lab (practicum) (30%).
	Performance in theory (100%):
	Mid Exam (20%)
	Final Exam (20%)
	Assignments (40%) Class participation (10%)
	Individual quiz (10%)
	Performance in practicum (100%):
	Practicum exam (30%)
	Pre-test or post-test (10%)
	Experiment reports (60%)
Reading list	1.Balai Besar Litbang Pascapanen Pertanian. 2020. Bahan Pangan Potensial untuk Antivirus dan Imun Booster. Litbang Pertanian
	Kementan.
	2. Evizal, R. 2013. Tanaman Rempah dan Fitofarmaka. Balai Penelitian
	Universitas Lampung.
	3. Peter, K.V. 2000. Handbook of Herb and Spice. Vol 1&2. CRC Press.